

2001 Liechtenstein in Figures



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Castle Gutenberg in Balzers

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Table of Contents

Geographical situation	4
Climate	6
History and constitution	8
Population	10
National economy	16
Employment	21
Agriculture	28
Industry and skilled trades	30
Trade and services	33
Transport and Communication	37
Energy	39
Public finance	41
Official statistics publications	49

Geographical situation



Area

Area under cultivation	38.9 km ²	24.3 %
Mountain pasture	25.1 km ²	15.7 %
Forestry	55.6 km ²	34.8 %
Unproductive land and built-up area	40.4 km ²	25.2 %
Total area	160.0 km ²	
of which potential construction sites	20.6 km ²	12.9 %

Geographical limits

North:	47° 16' 14" north
South:	47° 02' 54" north
West:	9° 28' 18" east
East:	9° 38' 08" east

Municipalities: area and height

Municipality / district	Area (km ²)	Height above sea level (m)	Population density (inhabitants/km ²)
Vaduz	17.3	455	285
Triesen	26.4	512	166
Balzers	19.6	472	216
Triesenberg	29.8	884	86
Schaan	26.8	450	204
Planken	5.3	786	67
Upland	125.2		175
Eschen	10.3	453	368
Mauren	7.5	472	438
Gamprin	6.1	472	190
Ruggell	7.4	433	236
Schellenberg	3.5	626	279
Lowland	34.8		315
Liechtenstein	160.0		205

At 160 km² Liechtenstein is the fourth smallest country in Europe.

Dimensions

24.6 km at longest point, 12.4 km at widest point.

Highest mountain

Grauspitz: 2 599 m.

Lowest point

Ruggeller Riet: 430 m.

Frontiers

41.1 km with Switzerland, 34.9 km with Austria.

Climate



Average temperatures in Vaduz

	1975-1998	1999	2000
January	0.6 °C	3.0 °C	-0.4 °C
February	1.8 °C	-0.7 °C	4.8 °C
March	6.1 °C	7.4 °C	6.4 °C
April	9.0 °C	9.8 °C	11.8 °C
May	13.8 °C	16.0 °C	16.2 °C
June	16.4 °C	15.6 °C	18.8 °C
July	18.7 °C	19.2 °C	16.3 °C
August	18.1 °C	18.1 °C	19.6 °C
September	14.9 °C	17.3 °C	15.6 °C
October	10.6 °C	11.1 °C	11.3 °C
November	4.7 °C	1.7 °C	7.4 °C
December	1.5 °C	2.3 °C	4.7 °C
Annual average	9.7 °C	10.1 °C	11.0 °C

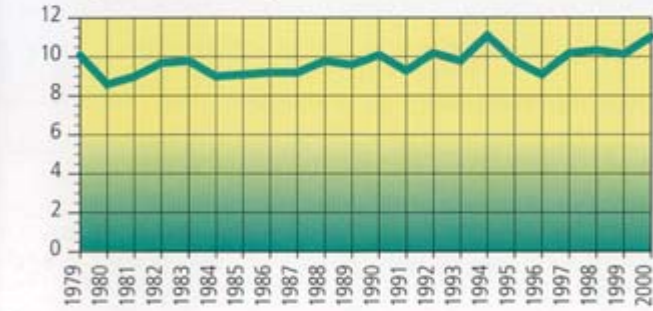
Annual sunshine levels in hours



Annual rainfall in mm



Average annual temperatures in °C



History and constitution



History

- 1342 Creation of the earldom of Vaduz
- 1396 The earldom of Vaduz becomes directly subject to the Holy Roman Emperor
- 1434-37 Unification of upland (earldom of Vaduz) and lowland (domain of Schellenberg)
- 1699 Prince Johann Adam Andreas purchases the domain of Schellenberg and the earldom of Vaduz
- 1712 Vaduz and Schellenberg become the Imperial Principality of Liechtenstein
- 1806 Inclusion in Confederation of the Rhine: Liechtenstein becomes a sovereign state
- 1815 Accession to the German Confederation
- 1852 Customs treaty with Austria
- 1862 A new constitution comes into force which provides for a Landtag (parliament) to represent the people
- 1868 Abolition of the Liechtenstein army
- 1919 Cancellation of the customs treaty with Austria
- 1921 A new constitution comes into force; its main elements still apply today
- 1924 Customs treaty with Switzerland, introduction of the Swiss franc as the official currency
- 1950 Membership of the International Court of Justice at The Hague
- 1960 Supplementary protocol on participation in EFTA

1972	Supplementary agreement on inclusion in Switzerland's EC and ECSC agreements
1978	Member of the Council of Europe
1980	Currency Treaty with the Switzerland
1990	Liechtenstein becomes 160th member of the UN
1991	Member of EFTA
1995	Joins the European Economic Area (EEA)
1995	Joins the World Trade Organization (WTO)
1997	Foundation of the Archbishopric of Vaduz

Constitution

State, constitution	The principality of Liechtenstein is a hereditary constitutional monarchy, based on a democratic parliamentary system. Power lies with the Prince and the people and is exercised by both in accordance with the provisions of the constitution (Article 2 of the 1921 Constitution).
Head of State	HSH Prince Hans-Adam II von und zu Liechtenstein, Herzog von Troppau und Jägerndorf, Graf von Rietberg, succeeded Prince Franz Josef II on 13 November 1989.
Government	Five-member government nominated by parliament and appointed for four years. Head of Government: Otmar Hasler (FBP) Deputy Head of Government: Rita Kieber-Beck (FBP) Other members: Hansjörg Frick (FBP) Dr. Alois Ospelt (FBP) Dr. Ernst Walch (FBP)
Parliament	25 members elected by the people for four years in universal, direct and secret elections. Distribution of seats 2001-2005 13 seats Progressive Citizens' Party (FBP) 11 seats Patriotic Union (VU) 1 seat Free List (FL)
Courts	Civil and criminal cases are heard initially by the Landgericht, at appeal by the Obergericht and at supreme court level by the Oberster Gerichtshof. Public law cases are dealt with by the administrative complaints authority and the Staatsgerichtshof. The courts are all in Vaduz.

Population



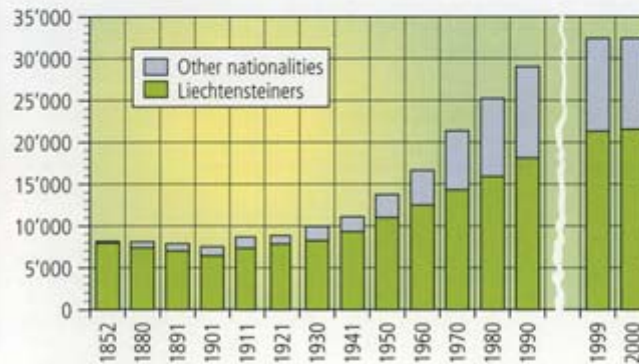
Resident population of municipalities

Municipality / district	Resident population (31.12.2000)
Vaduz	4927
Triesen	4'381
Balzers	4'233
Triesenberg	2'556
Schaan	5'454
Planken	355
Upland	21'906
Eschen	3'791
Mauren	3'288
Gamprin	1'159
Ruggell	1'744
Schellenberg	975
Lowland	10'957
Liechtenstein	32'863

Resident population since 1852

Year	Inhabitants	of which		% other nationalities
		Liechtensteiners	other nationalities	
1852	8'162	7'939	223	2.7 %
1880	8'095	7'389	706	8.7 %
1891	7'864	7'003	861	10.9 %
1901	7'531	6'419	1'112	14.8 %
1911	8'693	7'343	1'350	15.5 %
1921	8'841	7'845	996	11.3 %
1930	9'948	8'257	1'691	17.0 %
1941	11'094	9'309	1'785	16.1 %
1950	13'757	11'006	2'751	20.0 %
1960	16'628	12'494	4'134	24.9 %
1970	21'350	14'304	7'046	33.0 %
1980	25'215	15'913	9'302	36.9 %
1990	29'032	18'123	10'909	37.6 %
1992	29'868	18'436	11'432	38.3 %
1994	30'629	18'855	11'774	38.4 %
1996	31'143	19'429	11'714	37.6 %
1998	32'015	20'868	11'147	34.8 %
1999	32'426	21'314	11'112	34.3 %
2000	32'863	21'543	11'320	34.4 %

Resident population since 1852



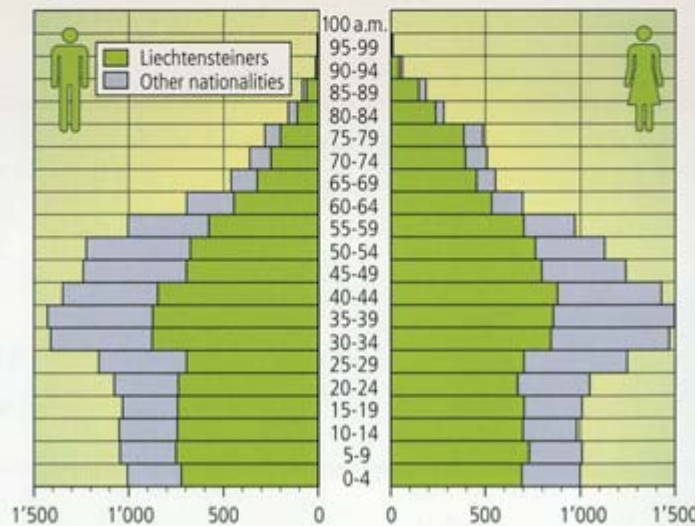
Resident foreign population since 1930 by nationality

Year	Other nationalities	of which Swiss	Austrian	German	Italian	Other
1930	1'691	436	746	301	106	102
1941	1'785	584	733	300	60	108
1950	2'751	1'191	876	402	125	157
1960	4'143	1'536	1'184	836	376	211
1970	7'046	2'518	1'822	1'152	938	616
1980	9'302	4'055	1'945	1'029	894	1'379
1990	10'909	4'459	2'069	1'026	1'071	2'284
1999	11'112	3'851	1'998	1'096	921	3'246
2000	11'320	3'805	2'006	1'131	1'028	3'350

Resident population by age

Year	Total resident population	Age 0-14	15-64	65 -
1961	17'125	4'844	10'901	1'380
1976	24'169	5'978	16'136	2'055
1991	29'386	5'696	20'728	2'962
1999	32'426	6'048	22'981	3'397
2000	32'863	6'088	23'335	3'440

Age distribution of resident population (31.12.1999)



Resident population by marital status

Year	Single		Married		Separated, divorced, widowed	
	men	women	men	women	men	women
1961	4'845	4'796	3'334	3'254	272	624
1976	6'308	5'985	5'317	5'106	347	1'106
1991	7'079	6'711	6'634	6'513	662	1'787
1999	7'413	7'064	7'367	7'297	996	2'289
2000	7'490	7'070	7'555	7'423	993	2'332

Marital status (31.12.2000)



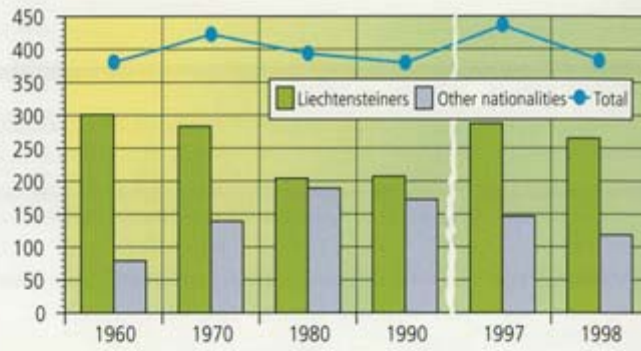
Marriages in 1998

Number of person who got married	423	100.0%
Liechtenstein men / Liechtenstein women	90	21.3%
Liechtenstein men / Women of other nationalities	128	30.3%
Men of other nationalities / Liechtenstein women	126	29.8%
Men of other nationalities / Women of other nationalities	79	18.6%

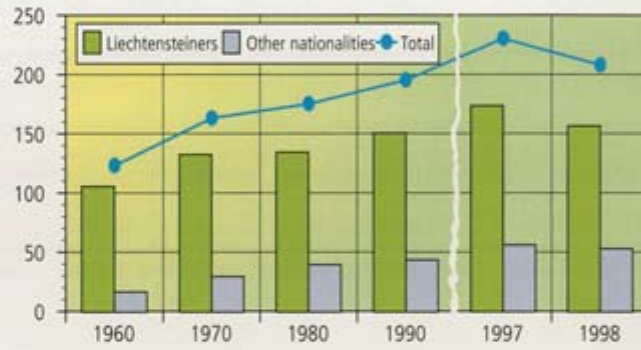
Causes of death in 1998

Cause of death	Deaths	Men	Women
Heart and circulation diseases	91	56	35
Cancer	41	21	20
Respiratory diseases	10	7	3
Diseases of the digestive tract	8	5	3
Old age	16	4	12
Other diseases	21	11	10
Accidents and violent deaths	4	2	2
Suicides	5	4	1
Unknown (deaths reported from other countries)	12	7	5
Total	208	117	91

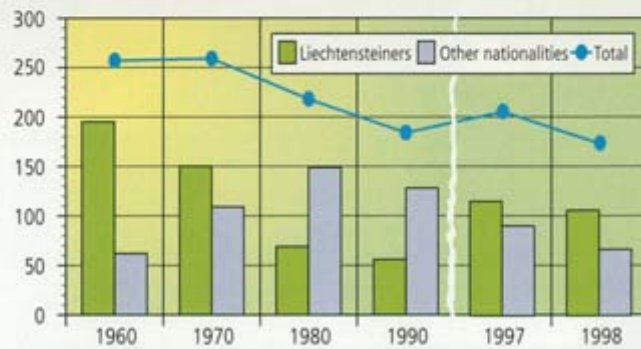
Births



Deaths

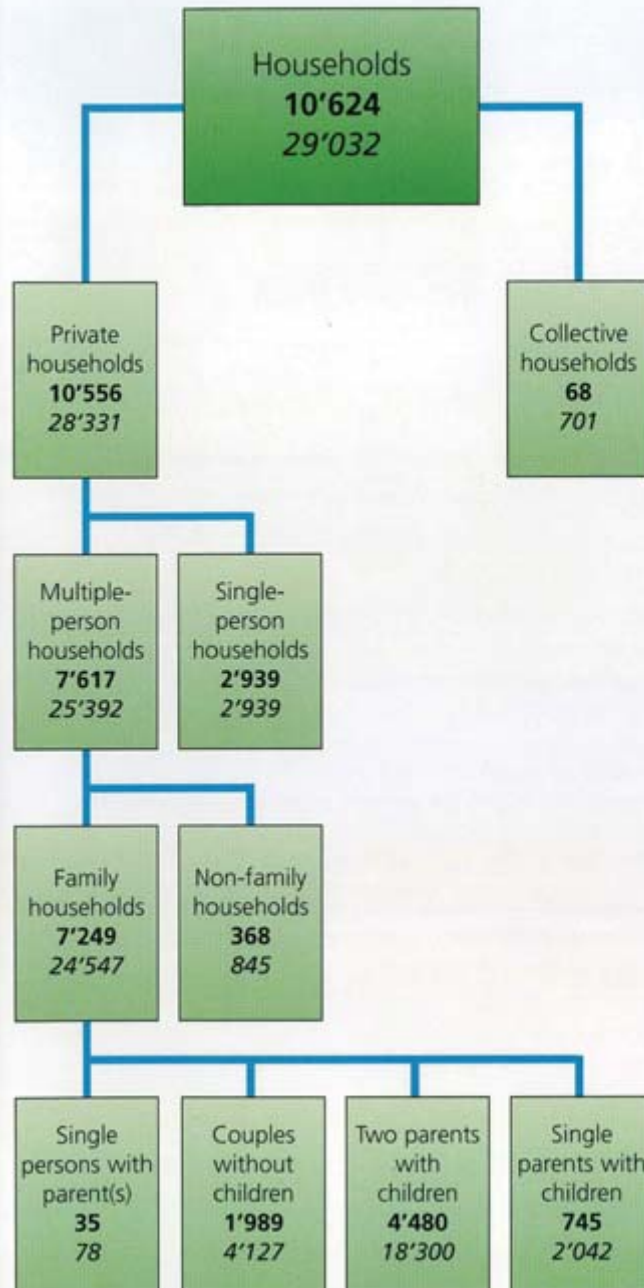


Surplus of births



Households in 1990

(bold: number of households; italics: number of persons)



Economy



Currency

On 26 May 1924 the Swiss franc (CHF) was declared the legal currency of Liechtenstein and all coins, bank notes and other payment media used in Switzerland were also recognised as official payment media in Liechtenstein (1 franc = 100 rappen).

Rate of inflation¹

Year	in %
1980	4.0
1985	3.4
1990	5.4
1995	1.8
1999	0.8
2000	1.6

¹ Annual average of the Swiss national consumer prices index

Rate of inflation¹



¹ Annual average of the Swiss national consumer prices index

Income from gainful activity¹ since 1960

Year	million CHF
1960	56.7
1970	194.4
1980	549.5
1990	1'092.7
1999	1'832.4
2000	1'867.1

¹ Income from gainful activity of those employed in Liechtenstein and with compulsory AHV (old-age and survivors) insurance (active resident population minus outward frontier commuters plus inward frontier commuters), and contributions of those not gainfully employed with voluntary AHV insurance (minimum contribution CHF 1000)

Gross domestic product (GDP) 1998 (market prices)

In comparison with neighbouring countries

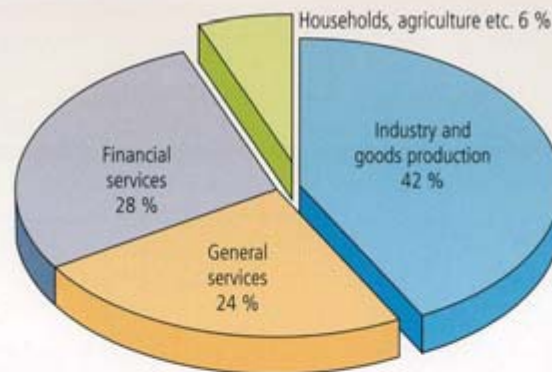
	National currency (billions)	CHF ¹ (billions)
Liechtenstein	CHF 3.6	3.6
Schweiz	CHF 380.9	380.9
Österreich	ATS 2'613.6	305.8
Deutschland	DEM 3'773.6	3'104.9

¹ Foreign currencies converted to CHF at yearly average rates

A distinctive feature of the Liechtenstein GDP is that it derives to a considerable extent from the work done by working personnel domiciled abroad. In 1998 38 % (some 9'000 persons) of people at work in Liechtenstein were cross-border commuters from abroad. For this reason per capita GDP cannot be calculated from average population numbers in Liechtenstein alone. GDP per inhabitant would yield misleading results in a comparison between countries.

Gross value added 1998 (market prices)

by economic sector



Social policy in Liechtenstein

- sickness and maternity insurance (1910)
- occupational accident insurance (1910)
- non-occupational accident insurance (1932)
- occupational illnesses (1961)
- old-age and survivors insurance (1952)
- family allowance (1957)
- bad weather compensation in the construction industry (1957)
- assistance for housing development (1958)
- invalidity insurance (1959)
- savings premiums (1964)
- supplementary allowances for old-age, survivors and invalidity insurance (1965)
- social assistance for individual cases (1966)
- unemployment insurance (1970)
- blind persons allowance (1971)
- widows pension (1981)
- maternity benefits (1982)
- insolvency compensation (1985)
- company pension scheme (1989)

Social security agreements with Switzerland, Austria, Germany and Italy

Liechtenstein as a location: advantages and disadvantages

Advantages

- social, legal and economic stability
- high level of political continuity and stability
- political neutrality and neutral neighbouring countries
- little state intervention in business process
- liberal economic policy
- conservative-liberal stance of government and people
- well-trained population eager to work
- long working hours
- cooperation between employers and workers
- liberal tax legislation with holding company privileges
- sound public finances
- little bureaucracy
- direct administrative channels
- rapid processing of application and request
- flexible public administration
- high competitiveness
- favourable conditions for investment
- strong capital finances, low interest rates
- efficient banking system
- banking laws including confidentiality
- customs and currency union with Switzerland
- member of the European Economic Area
- good infrastructure
- high quality of life; short distances to travel to work, recreation areas nearby
- broad cultural spread

Disadvantages

- no own raw materials
- limited labour market
- marginal position in Swiss economic area
- minor international importance
- heavily dependent on other countries
- no measures to promote economic development

Employment

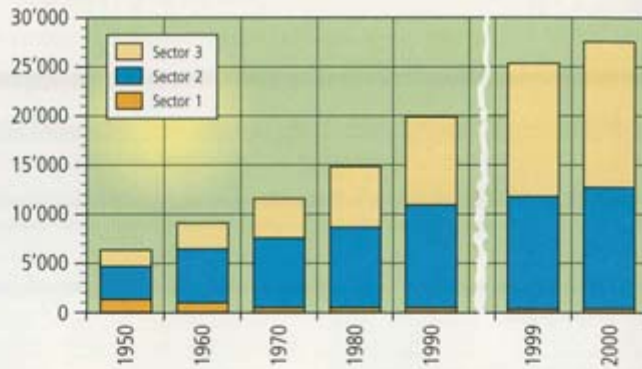


Employment since 1880

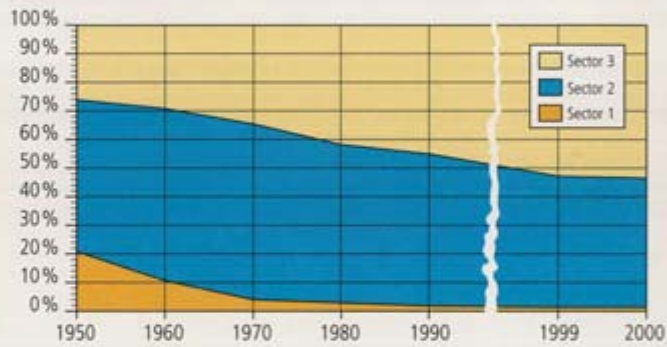
Year (31 Dec)	Resident population in gainful employ- ment	of which outward commuters	inward commuters	Total emp- loyed	of which other nation- alities
1880	3'137	.	.	.	.
1891	3'282	.	.	.	.
1901	3'120	.	.	.	.
1911	3'479	.	.	.	.
1921	4'323	.	.	.	.
1930	4'436	.	150 ¹	4'586	.
1941	4'874	723	10 ¹	4'161	676
1950	6'018	380	700 ¹	6'338	2'007
1960	7'575	179	1'700 ¹	9'096	3'893
1970	9'336	368	2'601	11'569	6'240
1980	12'266	723	3'297	14'840	8'212
1990	13'970	950 ¹	6'885	19'905	11'933
1999	16'668	1'066	9'741	25'343	15'419
2000	17'074	1'131	11'586	27'529	17'348

¹ Estimate

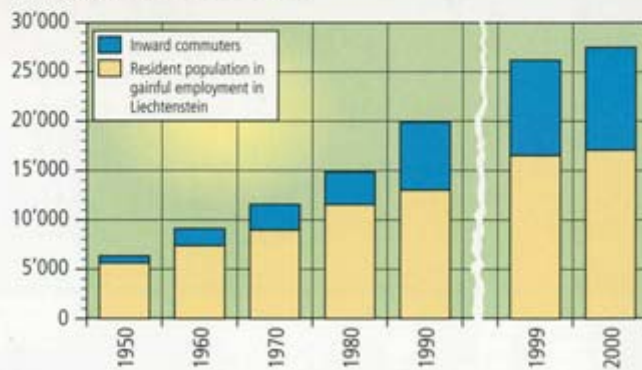
Employment by economic sector since 1950



Employment by economic sector since 1950 (%)



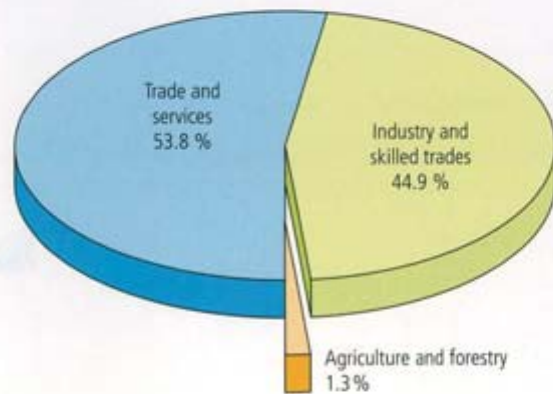
Employment since 1950



Employment by economic sector (31.12.200)

	Resident population in gainful employment	Outward commuters	Inward commuters	Employed in Liechtenstein
Sector 1 (agriculture and forestry)	310	7	39	342
Sector 2 (industry and skilled trades)	6'133	359	6'593	12'367
Mining and quarrying	44	1	9	52
Processing industries	4'405	294	5'772	9'883
Energy and water supply	166	4	21	183
Construction trades	1'518	60	791	2'249
Sector 3 (trade and services)	10'631	765	4'954	14'820
Retail, repairs	1'741	208	946	2'479
Hotels and restaurants	735	42	124	817
Transport, communications	600	64	486	1'022
Banking and insurance	1'337	47	782	2'072
Real estate, informatics, business services	1'376	118	1'006	2'264
Legal consultancy, trust management	1'036	18	637	1'655
Public administration	1'257	27	96	1'326
Education	686	50	143	779
Health and social services	1'046	139	345	1'252
Other services	820	52	389	1'157
TOTAL	17'074	1'131	11'586	27'529

Economic sector (31.12.2000)

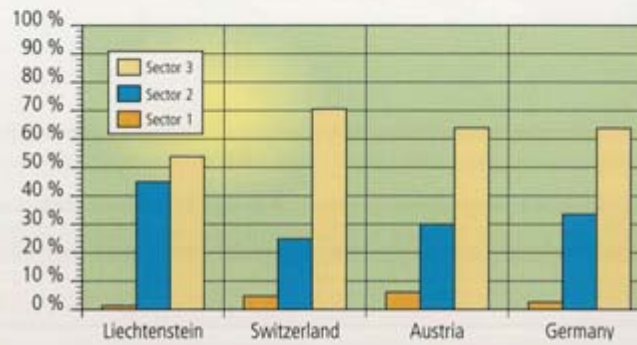


Persons employed by economic sector (2000)

Compared with neighbour countries

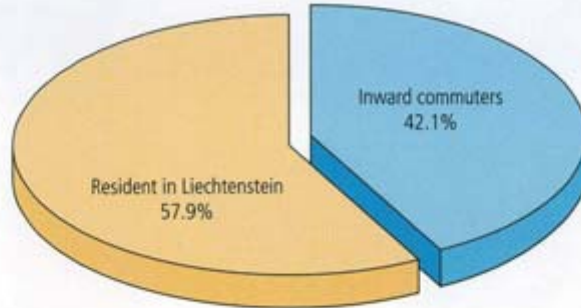
	Sector 1 Agriculture and forestry	Sector 2 Industry and skilled trades	Sector 3 Trade and Services
Liechtenstein	1.3 %	44.9 %	53.8 %
Switzerland	4.7 %	24.8 %	70.5 %
Austria	6.1 %	30.0 %	63.9 %
Germany	2.6 %	33.5 %	63.9 %

Persons employed by economic sector (2000)

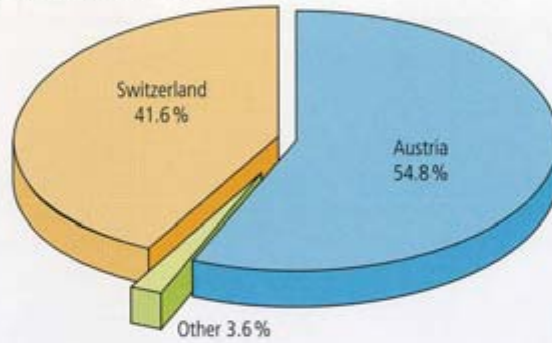


Employment in Liechtenstein (31.12.2000)

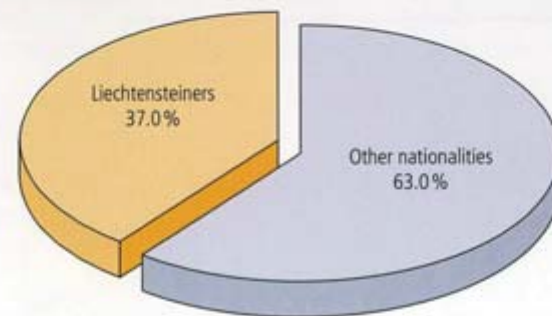
Inward commuters (%)



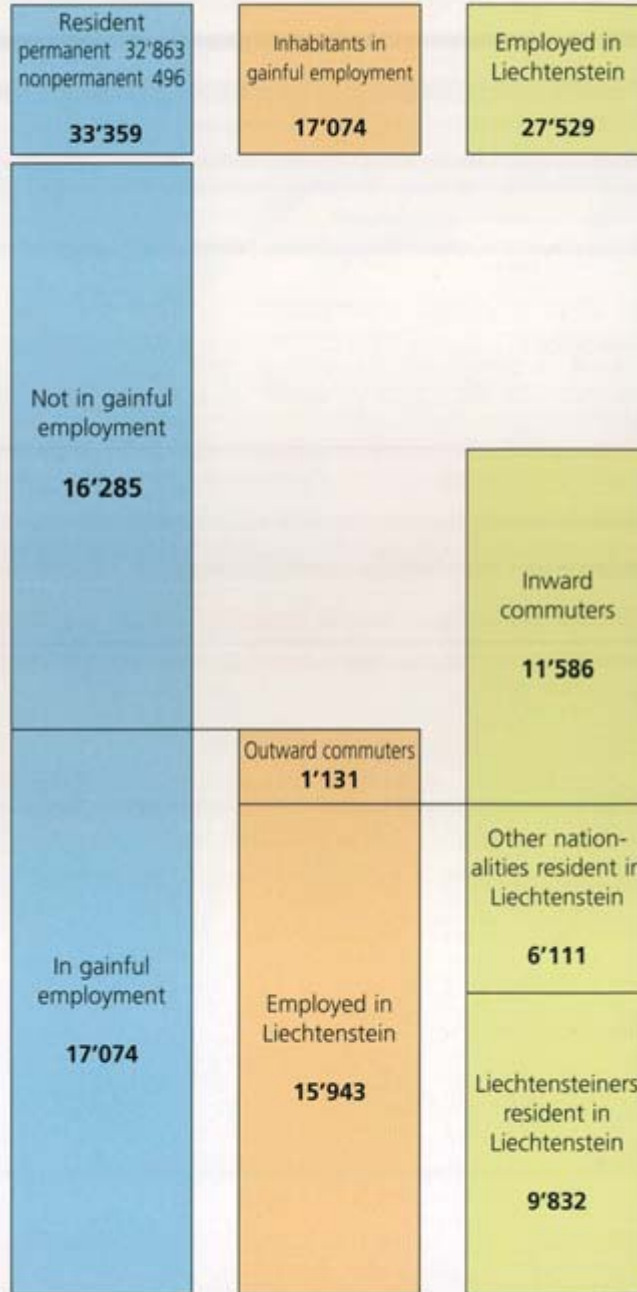
Inward commuters by residence



Other nationalities at the workplace (%)



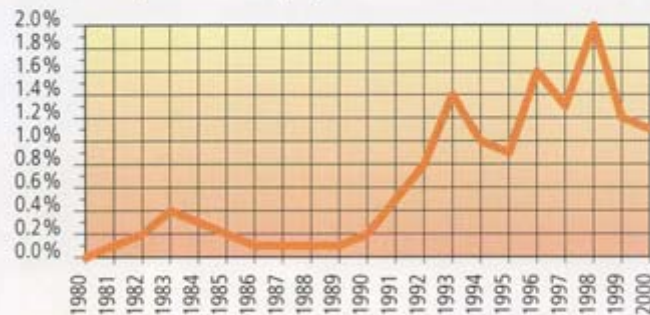
**Total employment
on 31 December 2000 – Summary**



Labour market

Year (31 Dec)	Total unemployed	Total jobseekers	Vacancies	Employed in Liechtenstein	Unemployed as percentage of employed
1980	3	29	40	14'840	0.0
1981	10	61	48	15'286	0.1
1982	24	86	70	15'323	0.2
1983	59	164	141	15'163	0.4
1984	42	149	79	15'615	0.3
1985	36	161	83	16'240	0.2
1986	15	104	87	17'078	0.1
1987	17	118	63	18'108	0.1
1988	19	78	96	18'600	0.1
1989	16	63	114	19'296	0.1
1990	29	91	45	19'905	0.2
1991	106	193	77	20'444	0.5
1992	154	251	49	20'037	0.8
1993	286	365	38	20'756	1.4
1994	217	262	46	21'109	1.0
1995	200	258	27	21'932	0.9
1996	366	397	47	22'523	1.6
1997	314	388	32	23'120	1.4
1998	482	557	28	23'855	2.0
1999	299	367	31	25'343	1.2
2000	290	352	28	27'529	1.1

Unemployment figures as at 31 December as percentage of total employed



Unemployed persons registered at the public employment office.

Agriculture

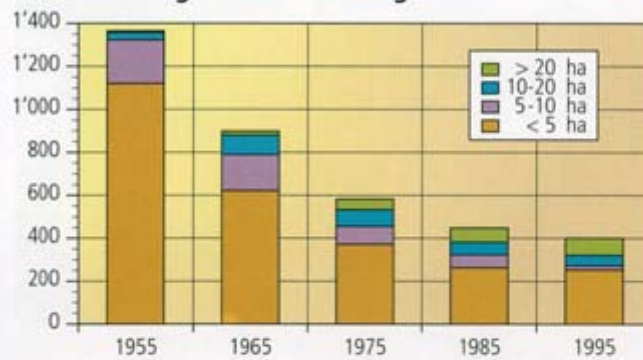


Farmland (excluding the Alps) accounts for some 24% of Liechtenstein's 16 000 ha. In 2000 1% of all those employed in Liechtenstein worked in agriculture and horticulture, while 0.3% were employed in forestry. Two thirds of the gross agricultural return comes from the dairy industry. With milk production at 13'015 tonnes in 2000 Liechtenstein was more than self-sufficient in milk and milk products.

Agricultural holdings by size

Size in ha	1955	1965	1975	1985	1995
Total	1'365	898	582	448	401
< 5	1'120	621	372	263	253
5 - 10	203	168	83	60	20
10 - 20	34	91	78	59	49
> 20	8	18	49	66	79

Number of agricultural holdings



Livestock and milk production

	1955	1965	1975	1985	1995
Cattle	5'262	5'224	5'625	6'228	6'089
of which cows	2'436	2'376	2'129	2'777	2'656
Pigs	3'950	4'458	3'890	3'784	2'738
Sheep	541	832	1'861	2'373	3'118
Goats	368	95	43	125	206
Poultry	21'003	9'964	2'573	2'464	2'728
Milk production (in 1'000 kg)	4'300	5'683	6'270	12'814	12'729

Liechtenstein is a fodder-growing country. Some 2 400 ha of its agricultural land are used for cattle and other fodder animals, while mountain pasture accounts for a further 2 000 ha. Around 1 100 ha are used for arable farming, vegetables, fruit and wine production (60 000 - 100 000 l per year).

Industry and skilled trades

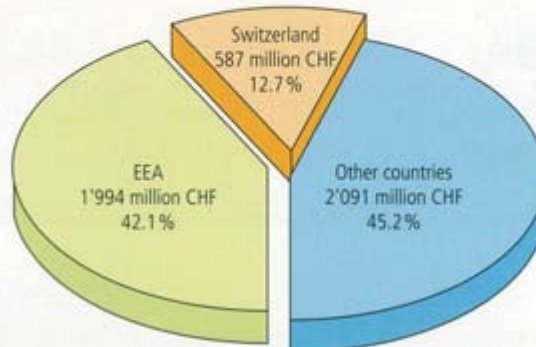


Industrial exports since 1950¹

1950	15 million CHF
1960	83 million CHF
1970	333 million CHF
1980	887 million CHF
1985	1'188 million CHF
1990	2'213 million CHF
1995	2'905 million CHF
1999	3'923 million CHF
2000	4'622 million CHF

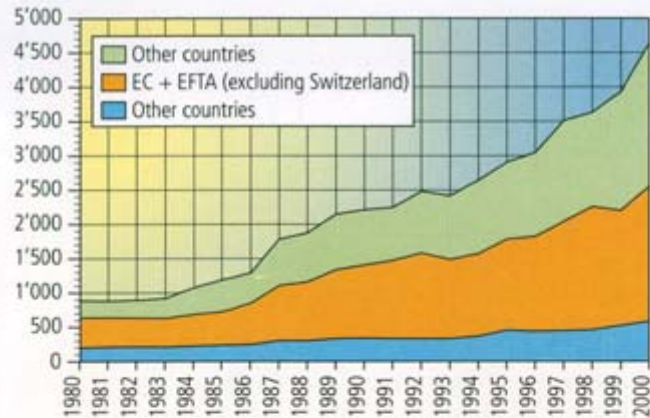
¹ Only firms which are members of the Liechtenstein Chamber of Commerce and Industry

Exports by group of countries (2000)



Industrial exports by economic area since 1980¹

in million CHF



Main export countries

1. USA	5. Italy
2. Germany	6. Taiwan
3. Switzerland	7. Japan
4. France	8. Austria

Staff in foreign branches of industrial firms¹

(as at 31.12.2000)

	Number of foreign sales branches ¹	Administration sales	Number of employees		
			Production	Research, development	Total
Europe ²	119	8'664	7'295	665	16'624
America	32	3'325	1'289	60	4'674
Asia	29	1'734	718	3	2'455
Australia	4	272	15	-	287
Africa	1	94	-	-	94
Total	185	14'089	9'317	728	24'134

¹ only firms which are members of the Liechtenstein Chamber of Commerce and Industry

² excluding Unaxis AG works at Tübbach

³ organisations in other countries in which Liechtenstein firms have a majority holding

Industrial manufacturing

Metals, engineering, equipment

- securing systems (direct and drill assembly for the construction trade, shipbuilding and steelworks)
- vacuum engineering (fine, high and ultra-high vacuum engineering) equipment for optic and electronic thin-film products
- electrical and electronic control systems
- electronic systems, measuring equipment, testing and sorting equipment
- measurement and sorting equipment
- precision tools and machinery
- heating and hot water equipment, heat recovery, waste processing equipment
- cold extrusion elements, powder metallurgy parts
- commercial vehicles (hydraulic and mobile excavators, specialised street-cleaning vehicles)
- electrical equipment, electrical components
- electro-acoustic and audio equipment
- equipment for the chemicals and heating engineering industries, tank and container construction, steel services
- heat screening shields for the motor industry
- smoke extraction ducts and exhaust piping

Ceramics, chemicals, pharmaceuticals

- false teeth (ceramic and plastic)
- equipment for dental prophylaxis, prosthetics and dentistry
- varnish, paints, plastic coatings
- pharmaceutical preparations
- household and decorative ceramics, oven tiles

Other

- Foodstuffs industry (deep-frozen products, prepared meals and preserves)
- form etching materials, profile projector screens
- professional lighting equipment
- duvets and feather pillows
- embroidery and homespun fabrics
- magnetised punch sheet plate
- lead crystal and glass giftware
- non-explosive demolition material, specialised plaster and casting materials
- philately supplies

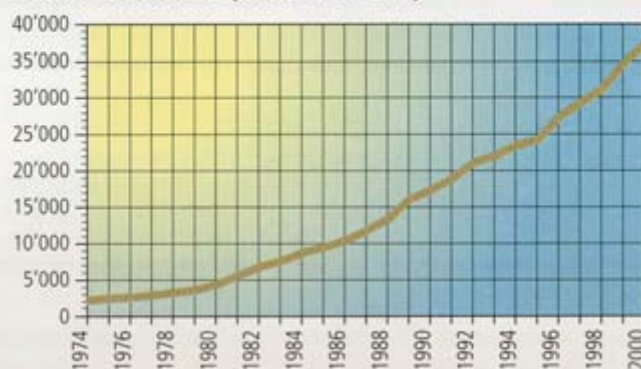
Trade and services



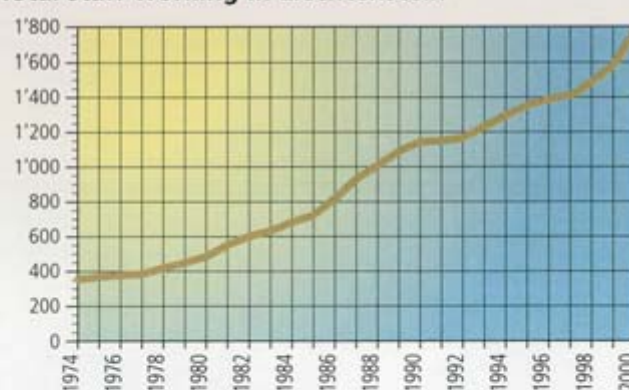
Banks

(in million CHF)	1970	1980	1990	1999	2000
Nominal balance	1'479	4'364	17'348	34'877	36'964
Net profit	9.8	19.6	59.4	451.1	549.1
Total staff working in Liechtenstein	272	485	1'144	1'592	1'758

Nominal balance (in million CHF)



Total staff working in Liechtenstein



Client assets (as at 31.12.) in million CHF

	1995	1999	2000
Net client deposits ¹⁾	30'265	70'660	70'613
Relevant capital	20'517	27'840	28'397
Trusts ²⁾	5'342	11'779	13'670
Total client assets	56'124	110'279	112'680

¹⁾Client deposits offset against items relevant to balance

²⁾excluding two smaller banks

Domicile-establishing and holding companies

A distinction is drawn between:

- **companies trading in Liechtenstein**
(require permission to trade or a licence; subject to capital and earnings tax)
- **domicile-establishing and holding companies**
(must be entered on Commercial Register; subject to special company tax and coupon tax)

Activities of domicile-establishing and holding companies:

- grouping of international capital and economic interests
- grouping or control of direct investments
- real estate management
- licence exploitation for intangible rights
- all types of services
- private investment and investment management
- distribution of investment income to family welfare bodies, charities and other users

Forms of companies:

- association
- limited company
- limited liability company
- cooperative
- establishment (Anstalt)
- foundation
- trust enterprise
- trust
- ordinary company
- undisclosed partnership and occasional company
- collective company (public trading company)
- limited partnership

Tourists staying in hotels and guest houses

Year	Hotels and guest houses ¹	Beds available ¹	Arrivals	Overnight stays
1950	.	.	11'339	29'760
1960	59	1'060	40'136	76'362
1970	70	1'415	72'421	145'247
1980	64	1'760	85'033	182'443
1990	60	1'411	77'735	149'861
1992	56	1'392	72'000	148'218
1993	57	1'469	64'980	134'280
1994	56	1'378	62'080	129'174
1995	55	1'290	59'877	127'510
1996	52	1'252	56'751	119'264
1997	52	1'330	58'197	119'968
1998	52	1'327	60'463	123'252
1999	49	1'327	60'390	124'173
2000	49	1'314	62'894	133'485

¹ as at 31 August

Arrivals and Overnight stays



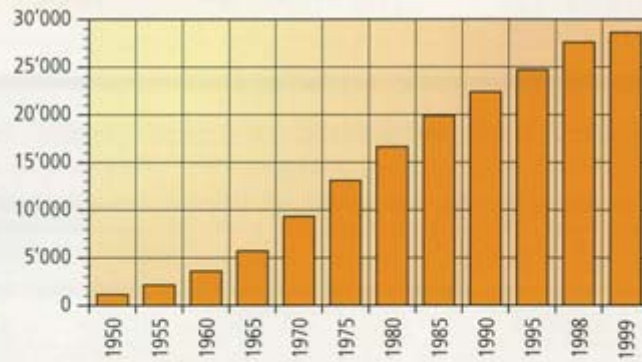
Transport and Communication



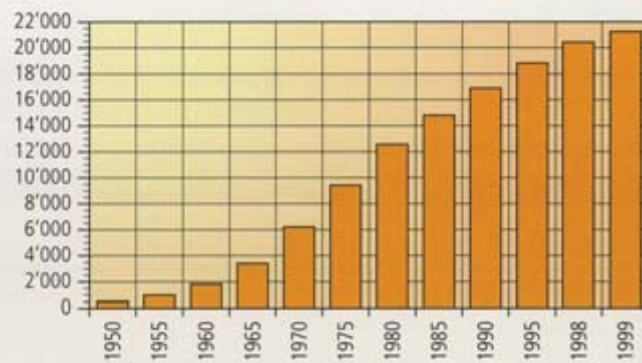
Motor vehicles

Year	Motor vehicles		Cars	
	number	per 1'000 inhabitants	number	per 1'000 inhabitants
1950	1'132	84	472	35
1955	2'131	146	883	60
1960	3'592	221	1'815	112
1965	5'699	299	3'408	179
1970	9'322	445	6'210	297
1975	13'083	551	9'413	396
1980	16'636	645	12'569	487
1985	19'917	747	14'804	555
1990	22'372	786	16'891	594
1995	24'707	807	18'820	614
1998	27'503	878	20'469	654
1999	28'631	894	21'150	661

Number of vehicles



Number of cars



Road traffic accidents

	1960	1970	1980	1990	1999	2000
Accidents	144	338	344	340	363	424
Injuries	73	90	126	115	123	119
Fatalities	8	12	9	3	-	-

Post and telecommunications

	1975	1985	1995	1999	2000
Post offices	12	12	12	12	12
Post bus travellers in '000s	1'603	2'026	3'008	3'002	2'947
Number of letters posted in '000s	8'306	11'978	16'856	20'463	17'129
Number of parcels posted in '000s	227	393	445	517	415
Telephone subscribers	7'738	12'536	19'632	19'763	20'072
Radio licence holders	5'462	8'997	11'808	-	-
Television licence holders	4'696	8'454	11'421	-	-

Energy

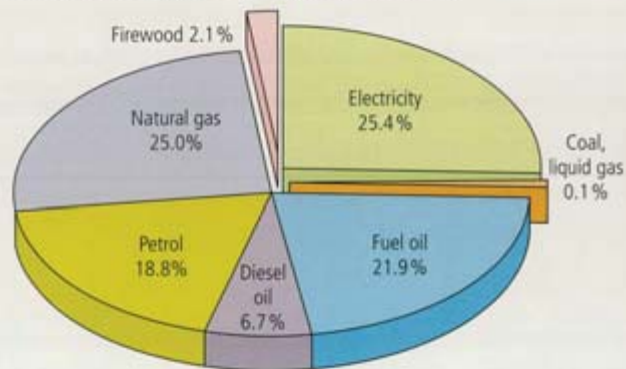


Energy consumption/imports

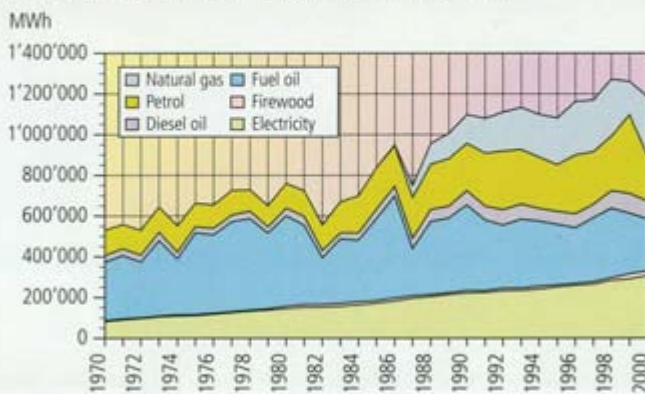
(in MWh)	1970	1980	1990	1999	2000
Electricity	81'730	144'955	221'176	295'031	302'018
Firewood	4'974	11'625	12'407	14'490	25'419
Coal ¹	4'197	1'661	304	90	195
Fuel oil ¹	286'201	443'941	420'929	293'844	260'123
Diesel oil ¹	33'159	37'863	69'417	101'850	79'646
Benzin ¹	124'336	121'175	233'050	239'545	223'819
Petrol ¹	-	27'101	3'684	1'619	1'530
Natural gas	-	-	140'705	301'711	296'992
Total	534'597	788'321	1'101'672	1'248'180	1'189'742
Self-supply	61'438	66'164	67'819	88'051	103'494
Consumption per inhabitant	25	31	38	38	36

¹ Imported

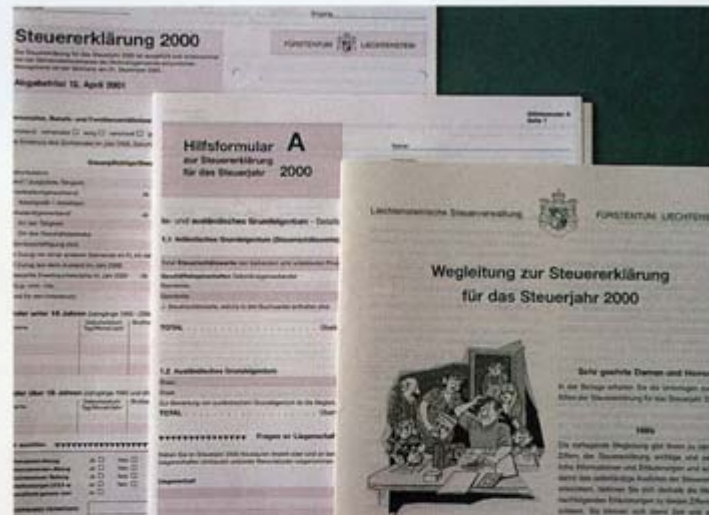
Energy consumption/imports in 2000



Energy consumption/imports since 1970



Public finances



Taxes in Liechtenstein

1. Taxes on natural persons:

PROPERTY AND INCOME TAX
(national and local authorities)

- 1.62 to 8.505‰ property tax
- 3.24 to 17.01% income tax

REAL ESTATE GAINS TAX

- 3.24 to 34.02% of the real estate profit

DEATH DUTY, INHERITANCE TAX AND GIFT TAX

- progressive according to degree of relationship and size of assets
- rate of tax:
 - death duty: 1 to 5%
 - inheritance and gift tax: 0.5 to 27%

2. Company taxes

FORMATION TAX (DUTY)

- upon formation of a company and capital increase
- rate of tax: 1% or with a tax-free allowance of CHF 250'000.– 2‰ for foundations, minimum CHF 200.–

CAPITAL AND EARNINGS TAX

- levied on companies trading in Liechtenstein
- capital tax: 2‰
- earnings tax: 7.5 to 20%

SPECIAL COMPANY TAX

- capital tax on capital and reserves of domicile-establishing and holding companies
- rate of tax: 1‰, minimum CHF 1000

COUPON TAX

- levied on capital interest coupons from legal persons, bonds, etc.
- rate of tax: 4%

STAMP DUTY

- stamp duty on domestic equities: usually 1% with tax-free allowance of CHF 250'000.–
- transaction duty on transfers of securities 1.5 or 3‰

TAXES ON FOREIGN INSURANCE COMPANIES

- replaces capital and earnings tax
- 1% on premium receipts from life and old-age insurance
- 2% on all other premium receipts

CAPTIVES

- 1‰ capital tax on equity capital

3. Excise duties:

VALUE-ADDED TAX (since 1.1.1995)

- 7.6% tax on supplies of goods and services, some at reduced rate of 3.6 or 2.4%

MOTOR VEHICLE TAX

- levied on registered vehicles
- CHF 50.– - 2200.– depending on capacity or weight

CUSTOMS DUTIES

4. Local taxes:

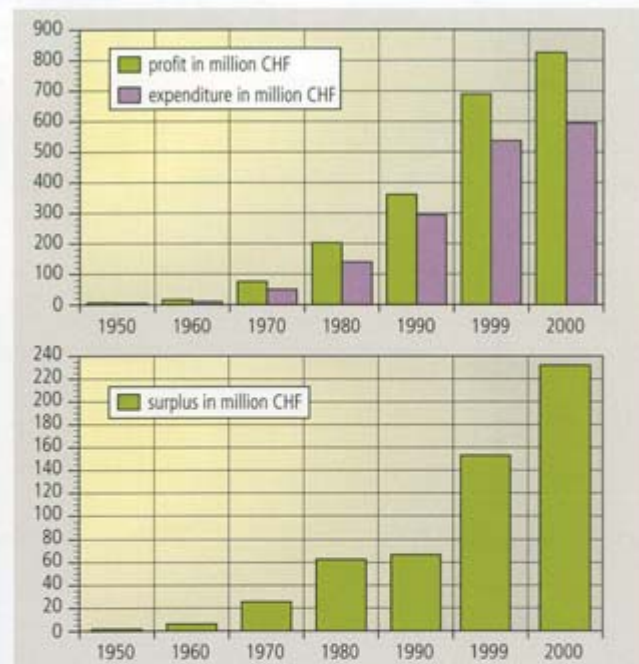
LOCAL AUTHORITY SURCHARGE	- on the national property and income tax (180 - 200%)
TICKET TAX	- 10% of the entrance fee for public events
DOG LICENCE	- CHF 20 - 100
HOUSEHOLD CHARGE	- flat-rate charge for use of local infrastructure: CHF 20 - 50

More information in the Internet:
www.firstlink.li/regierung/steuern.htm

National budget

Development of liquidity profit and expenditure in million CHF

	1950	1960	1970	1980	1990	1999	2000
Profit	5.3	15.8	75.3	202.5	361.1	690.2	825.4
Expenditure	4.2	9.7	49.7	139.8	294.3	537.2	594.5
Surplus	1.1	6.1	25.6	62.7	66.8	153.0	230.9

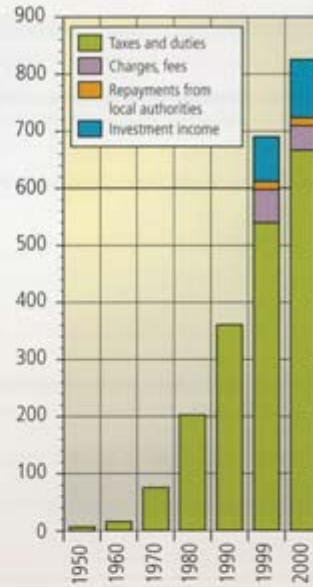


National budget 2000

Current account profit

By earnings groups in million CHF

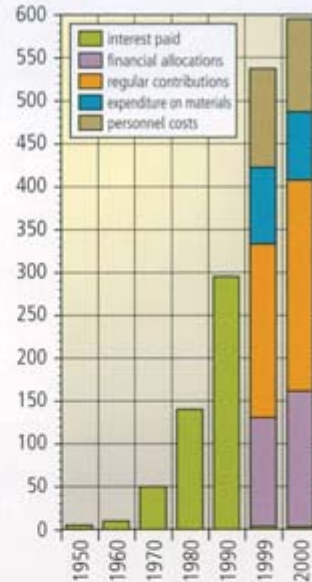
Taxes and duties	666.7	80.8 %
Charges, fees	43.0	5.2 %
Repayments from local authorities	14.0	1.7 %
Investment income	101.7	12.3 %
Liquidity profit	825.4	100.0 %
Internal clearing	0.1	
Special profits	290.5	
Total	1'116.0	



Current account expenditure

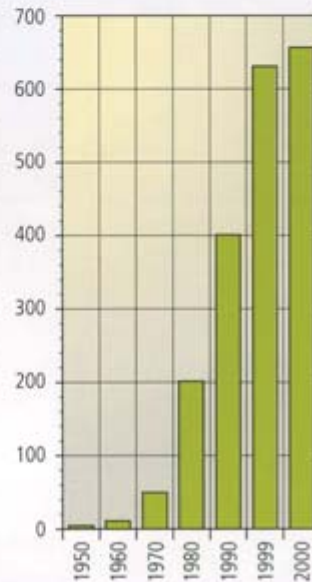
By subject category in million CHF

Personnel costs	107.9	18.1%
Expenditure on materials	79.6	13.4%
Regular contributions	245.7	41.3%
Financial allocations	159.8	26.9%
Interest paid	1.5	0.3%
Liquidity expenditure	594.5	100.0%
Internal clearing	0.3	
Fund deposits	0.1	
Amounts written off	63.9	
Total	658.8	



By area of responsibilities in million CHF

General administration	67.5	10.2%
Public safety	34.1	5.2%
Education	98.7	15.0%
Culture, leisure, health	33.9	5.2%
Social welfare	131.7	20.0%
Transport	33.8	5.1%
Environment, town and country planning	4.1	0.6%
Economy	22.7	3.5%
Finance, taxation	232.4	35.3%
Total	658.8	100.0%



National and local finances

Total national budget in million CHF

	Revenue	Expenditure	% investments	Surplus (+) deficit (-)
1950	5.3	7.0	38.6%	-1.6
1960	15.8	16.0	39.1%	-0.2
1970	75.7	88.1	43.6%	-12.4
1980	205.8	183.8	24.0%	21.9
1990	365.8	405.3	27.4%	-39.5
1996	579.5	530.9	15.0%	48.5
1997	606.0	550.9	15.4%	55.1
1998	884.6	644.1	21.4%	240.4
1999	958.1	628.5	14.5%	329.7



National capital expenditure account in million CHF

	1950	1960	1970	1980	1990	1999	2000
Own investment	1.7	4.3	29.9	27.2	87.2	62.1	56.1
Investment in local authorities, public companies, private sector, other countries	1.0	2.0	8.5	16.9	23.8	29.2	33.2
Total investment	2.7	6.3	38.4	44.1	111.0	91.3	89.3

**Tax yields 2000 (State and Communs);
fiscal equalisation**

Taxes duties and public charges (million Swiss francs)	Total tax yields ¹		Gross state taxes ²	
Taxes on assets and profit + income	108.2	14.6 %	35.5	5.3 %
Capital tax and profit tax	131.1	17.7 %	131.1	19.6 %
Company tax	92.9	12.5 %	92.9	13.9 %
Value-added-tax	161.6	21.8 %	161.6	24.2 %
Motor vehicle tax	8.9	1.2 %	8.9	1.3 %
Coupon tax	56.8	7.7 %	56.8	8.5 %
Stamp duty and public charge	110.7	14.9 %	110.7	16.6 %
Customs duty	31.9	4.3 %	31.9	4.8 %
Sundry others	38.8	5.3 %	38.8	5.8 %
Total yield	740.9	100.0 %	668.2	100.0 %

Fiscal equalisation (million Swiss francs)	Total	State share	Commune share
Tax revenue			
of the state	668.2	508.4	159.8 ³
of the commune	72.2	-	72.7 ⁴
Total yield	740.9	508.4	232.5

¹ Total revenue of government/public authorities from taxes (dues) (state taxes plus commune surcharge, commune taxes)

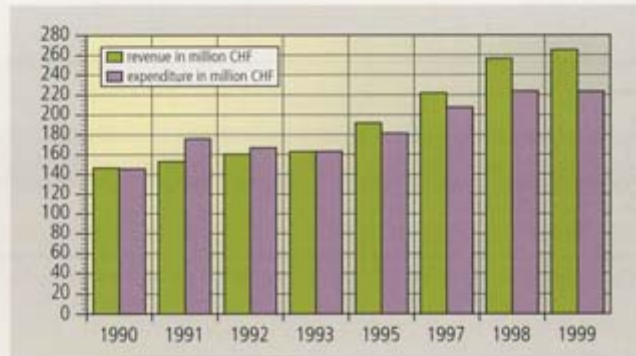
² Gross revenue from taxes (dues) in the state budget (before fiscal equalisation)

³ Fiscal equalisation incl. statutory tax-revenue quotas

⁴ Local tax revenue (without budgetary levy): commune surcharge on taxes on assets and profit & income, ticket tax, dog-licence fees.

Total local authority budgets in million CHF

	Revenue	Expenditure	% investment	Surplus (+) deficit (-)
1990	146.3	145.6	52.1 %	0.7
1991	152.9	175.9	51.8 %	-23.0
1992	160.2	166.7	44.9 %	-6.5
1993	162.8	163.0	42.5 %	-0.2
1994	192.7	194.9	46.5 %	-2.2
1995	205.5	195.1	38.0 %	10.4
1996	217.9	173.0	38.6 %	44.9
1997	221.9	207.1	45.5 %	14.8
1998	256.6	223.8	47.5 %	32.8
1999	265.5	223.4	41.4 %	42.1



Official statistics publications

	Published
Statistical yearbook	Annually
Liechtenstein in Figures	Annually
Census (several volumes)	10-yearly
Resident population	half-yearly
Marital status statistics	Annually
Naturalisation statistics	Annually
Children's names	Annually
Statistics on jobs	Annually
Statistics on businesses	(5-) 10-yearly
Economic trends	Quarterly
Statistics on agricultural holdings	5-yearly
Statistics on fruit trees	Occasionally
Statistics on livestock	Occasionally
Construction statistics	Annually/quarterly
Tourism statistics	Annually/summer, winter seasons
Banking statistics	Annually
National Accounts	Annually
Sickness funds statistics	Annually
Consumer prices index	Monthly
Motor vehicle statistics	Annually
New motor vehicles on the road	Monthly/annually
Energy statistics	Annually
List of publications	Occasionally

In some cases the specialised official statistics publications are more detailed and up-to-date than the corresponding tables in the Statistical Yearbook. All publications apart from the Statistical Yearbook may be obtained free of charge from the Amt für Volkswirtschaft, Vaduz. The Statistical Yearbook costs CHF 35 plus CHF 5 p+p.



End cover:

2001 stamps may be obtained from the Postwertzeichenstelle des Fürstentums Liechtenstein (Postage Stamp Centre of the Principality of Liechtenstein), Städtle 38, FL-9490 Vaduz.

Tel. +423 / 236 64 44, e-mail: stamp@news.li

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1.30 Fr. Votive picture 1718, Chapel at Dux, Schaan

J.G. Rheinberger, 100th Anniversary of his Death

3.50 Fr. The Magic word

